

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA





1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA





1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Table of Contents

- Table of Contents - 4
 - 4
- Phase 1: Design Objectives and Zoning Development - 6
- Phase 2: Site Design and Optimization 10
- Phase 3: Architectural Programming - 14
- Phase 4: Building Types and Aesthetics - 19
- Phase 5: Life Safety and Accessibility 22
- Phase 6: Systems Integration and Sustainability 25
- Phase 7: Building Envelope and Materials - 28
- Visualization
 - 31

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Concept Statement

New Orleans and the Lower 9th Ward have a rich heritage of community and resiliency, but reconstruction has been limited since the devastation of Hurricane Katrina in 2005. Being a demographically black and lower income neighborhood, funding for rebuilding efforts poses a challenge. Additionally, much of the neighborhood sits at or below sea level, creating an imposing threat with climate change, increasing intensity and occurrences of storms, and rising sea levels. The neighborhood deserves affordable and resilient design interwoven with the cultural infrastructure of the neighborhood, New Orleans, and local vernacular.

Thus, design goals are threefold: affordability, resiliency, and community integration.

Efficient and sustainable homes that can offer a level of protection against natural disaster lowers both initial and lifecycle costs for housing units in a historically disenfranchised community. Resiliency is reflected in layers of programmatic elevations which, alongside the longevity and inherent strength of precast concrete systems, creates a foundation to design homeplace resilient to the site's inherent threats. The site sits within two blocks of a multi-use/cultural center, an elementary school, and a library. Consequently, development of home spaces in conjunction with vernacular porch culture creates an opportunity to not just sit within, but to enhance the cultural infrastructure of the neighborhood.

Programming homes that utilize vertical elevation, daylighting, natural ventilation strategies, passive cooling, and thermal massing intrinsic to precast concrete systems allows for sustainable and affordable lifecycle homes.

There is opportunity in precast systems to create buildings that can be raised in elevation, allowing for resiliency to storms and flooding. The strength of the system also allows for buildings that can, to an extent, survive natural disasters and the threat of climate change. Design can utilize porch spaces that incorporate layers of dynamic opacity, such that occupants can adapt liminal outdoor space to join local vernacular and community or create privacy when desired. Interlocking spaces within the housing units create opportunity for the community within the complex, while the projection of liminal spaces between public and private (e.g., the porch) to the exterior of the site integrates the context with immediate cultural infrastructure.

Phase 1: Design Objectives and Zoning Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett Section 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

Integration Seminar 1717 Andry St., New Orleans, LA

Matrix

| Goals | Affordable - [cost-effective] Efficiently and sustainable create homes, lowering both initial and overall cost for clients in a disenfranchised community. | Resilient - [materiality] Incorporate the longevity and strength of precasat concrete systems to design a space resilient to the site's threats. | Interwoven - [community] Develop home spaces that create opportunity to interact with cultural infrastructure |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|
| Architectural Solutions | Program buildings that (among | Take advantage of strengths | Design porch spaces that |
| | other strategies) utilize | of precast concrete to create | incorporate layers of dynamic |
| | daylighting, natural ventilation, | buildings that, to an extent, can | privacy , such that occupants |
| | and passive cooling techniques | survive natural disasters and the | can adapt outdoor space to join |
| | to create affordable and | threat of climate change to New | the local vernacular or create |
| | sustainable housing. | Orleans. | confidentiality. |

Concept. affordable and resilient design interwoven with the cultural infrastructure of the neighborhood, New Orleans, and local vernacular.

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Phase 1: Design Objectives and Zoning

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Vicinity Map

MLK Jr. High School Site MLK Jr. Elementary School MLK Jr. Library

Sanchez and Copelin-Byrd Multiservice Center

Power located abovehead on street, gas/water access on adjacent N Derbingy St., sewer access on adjacent Andry St., storm drains available at corner of lot on street. Near uniform elevation of 0' (sea level) across lot.



New Orleans Lower 9th Ward

Phase 1: Design Objectives and Zoning

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Section 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

Integration Seminar

1717 Andry St., New Orleans, LA

Zoning & Vicinity Map

Site



Phase 1: Design Objectives and Zoning

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Section 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Site

1200 sq. ft. minimum, street context influences entry/ exit. Up to 70% of lot, 35 ft. maximum height.





1" = 128'

Site Boundary w/ Setbacks (Per Code 5') and Buildable Area

Phase 1: Design Objectives and Zoning

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Section 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

Integration

Seminar

1717 Andry St., New Orleans, LA

Site Design and Optimization

Matrix

| Goals | Affordable - [energy] Reduce energy costs where possible. | Resilient - [water management] Create a plan to handle flooding and rainwater runoff. | Interwoven - [align] Align massing to take advantage of frontages and edge conditions to maximize interaction. |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Architectural Solutions | Orient building masses to take advantage of natural ventilation and site conditions, and to help with solar gain. | Elevate finished floor and foundations above flooding levels, direct rainwater to storm water maintenance drains at corner. | Bring structure to frontage edges to utilize availability of porch conditions. |

Concept: affordable and resilient design interwoven with the cultural infrastructure of the neighborhood, New Orleans, and local vernacular.

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Phase 2: Site Design and Optimization

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Site Design and **Optimization**





Solar Geometry & Shading Patterns



Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Phase 2: Site Design and Optimization Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Section 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

Flooding Map

Site Design and



Site Design and Optimization

Proposed Site Diagram

Off Street Parking Shaded Lot and Private Access to Units

Primary Circulation Accessible Ramp and Stairs up to Finish Floor Level- Purple Dashed

Secondary Circulation — Alternate Egress to Ramp or Stairs Away from Units- Red Dashed

Bands of Privacy from Exterior to Interior – Recessed Porches, Thresholds, Central Spaces- Light to Dark Gray

Retaining Wall for Elevated Green Space – Elevated "Plinth" Provides Flooding Resilience and Ground Permeability

Exterior Green Space on Plinth — Elevated Yards Create Layers of Semi- Private Outdoor Space

Exterior Green Space on Grade — Outdoor Space for Gatherings, Community Events or Recreation- One

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

ANDRY St. N. DERBIGNY St. 100 Feet 50Feet

> Phase 2: Site Design and Optimization Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett Section 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

Architectural Programming

Matrix

| Goals | Affordable - [efficiency] Create efficiency inherent to the architectural organizational systems. | Resilient - [elevate] Protect the site against future flooding and high water levels. | Interwoven - [internalize] Create micro and macro scales of community with programmatic orientation. Form layers of interstitial zones between public and private spaces. |
|-------------------------|---|--|---|
| Architectural Solutions | Design shared structural and utility walls between units reduce overall costs. Create a modularity inherent in the design, allowing adaptability to other sites. | Raise the finished floor of the units above the 100 year flood line (3 ft.). | Place a central corridor and porches facing internally. Build adaptable layers at the front and rear entrances to create interstitial porch spaces. |

Concept: affordable and resilient design interwoven with the cultural infrastructure of the neighborhood, New Orleans, and local vernacular.

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Phase 3: Architectural Programming

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Architectural Programming

Cascading Program



Section 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

15





Unit Morphology 1" = 64'

Phase 3: Architectural Programming

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Section 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA



1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Phase 3: Architectural Programming

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Building Types and Aesthetics / Style / Form

Matrix

| Goals | Affordable - [size] Keep low built square footages while maximizing outdoor habitable space. | Resilient - [fold] Incorporate a series of interwoven and folded forms as layers from public to private spaces, creating an architectural protection for occupants. | Interwoven - [threshold] Create layers of dynamic privacy thresholds in patio conditions as to allow occupants to engage with or retreat from public life. |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|
| Architectural Solutions | Within the architectural building mass envelope, make reductive moves to create outdoor space and lower square footage. | Build opportunities for layers into the morphology of the architecture on the first floor. | Design semi-transparent opacities on balconies and patios that are adaptable (can be removed or strengthened) by the occupant. |

Concept: affordable and resilient design interwoven with the cultural infrastructure of the neighborhood, New Orleans, and local vernacular.

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Phase 4: Building Types

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Building Types and Aesthetics / Style / Form



Building Types and Aesthetics / Style / Form

Materiality Ideogram

While these homes rely on the inherent resilience of concrete to provide safety in a neighborhood under yearly threat of flooding, it is paramount that they offer more than the aesthetics of a storm shelter. On the first floor, shifting planes and overhangs offer shady spaces in the New Orleans summer. Utilizing variations in transparency, openings to the sky, and carefully placed windows, the second floor of the unit selectively dematerializes, encouraging views and natural light. Leaving home, a resident passes through a series of grassy levels before arriving on the street.



Phase 4: Building Types Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett Section 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Life Safety and Accessibility

Matrix

| Goals | Affordable - [Access] | Resilient - [Fire Protection] | Interwoven - [Opportunity] |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|
| | Create ADA accessible circulation | Safety inherent in the precast | Create home spaces that offer |
| | system that can be modularly | system - concrete demising and | the same degree of life safety |
| | applied to any unit, create | structural walls help protect from | and accessibility to all residents |
| | accessible external circulation. | fire. | through the modular system. |
| Architectural Solutions | Develop a site plan with ADA accomodating ramps, stairs, rails, and circulation pathways. | Utilize precast concrete demising and structural walls to protect units from fire . | Create a modular yet accessible floor plan and system, such that any unit can accomodate ADA requirements when desired. |

Concept. affordable and resilient design interwoven with the cultural infrastructure of the neighborhood, New Orleans, and local vernacular.

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Phase 5: Life Safety and Accessibility

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Life Safety and Accessibility

External Site Accessibility



Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Phase 5: Life Safety and AccessibilityNikolas Mäkelä & Ryan BramlettSection 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

Life Safety and Accessibility

Fire Exits: Access/Egress



Note: fire rated stair, safe refuge in fire stairs, elevator access N/A. Fire and smoke detection located as needed in soffit/plenum.

Integration

Seminar

1717 Andry St.,

,

New Orleans, LA

Phase 5: Life Safety and Accessibility

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Systems Integration and Sustainability

Matrix

| Goals | Affordable - [efficient/ sustainable] Incorporate affordable, sustainable passive and mechanical systems for the design. | Resilient - [long-lasting systems] Design passive systems into units such that replacement costs are minimal. | Interwoven - [adaptability] Allow for modularity in mechanical systems, such that design can be manipulated per context/environment. |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|
| Architectural Solutions | Fully insulate and place thermal mass within thermal envelope. Include air-air heat pump for the Louisiana climate. | Passive systems drive the core of the systems design, and are merely buffered by mechanical systems when climate exceeds limits for the passive heating/ cooling. | Cross and stack ventilation , raise finished floor to allow for ventilation underneath the building. |

Concept: affordable and resilient design interwoven with the cultural infrastructure of the neighborhood, New Orleans, and local vernacular.

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Phase 6: Systems Integration/Sustainability

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Systems Integration and Sustainability

Structural Grid and Framing



Structurally Insulated Roof System

Insulated Precast Structural Wall System

Hollowcore Spanning Elements, Floors and Ceilings

Structural Framing, Precast Beams w/ Shiplap Corner Condition

Driven Concrete Piles

1" = 36'

Phase 6: Systems Integration/Sustainability

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Section 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

Integration

Seminar

Now Orleans

1717 Andry St.,

New Orleans, LA

Systems Integration and Sustainability

System Integration

Cross and stack ventilation allow for night flushing of heat in the New Orleans climate in concert with the thermal masses of structural concrete floors/walls.

Soffit/plenum spaces allow for myriad of climate-specific mechanical systems to be integrated as necessary and within budgets; from water-water heat pump radiant within hollowcast topper to traditional HVAC systems. These can be adapted per site.

Specific to our units, each utilizes crawl space air flow beneath the 1st floor thermal envelope and an air-air heat pump system.

| Integration | |
|-------------|--|
| Seminar | |

1717 Andry St.,

New Orleans, LA



Phase 6: Systems Integration/Sustainability Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett Section 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

Building Envelope and Materials

Matrix

| Goals | Affordable - [Efficiency] Create an efficient envelope construction system. | Resilient - [Reliable] Use fenestration enclosures and cladding elements with long life spans. | Interwoven - [Integrate] Use instances where cladding is variable within the modular system to connect with context. |
|-------------------------|--|---|--|
| Architectural Solutions | Use the strengths of precast systems to minimize construction and labor costs with a single structural shell for all unit varieties. | Precast concrete cladding allows for significant lifespan cost reduction , high quality window units should be specced when possible. | On balcony conditions, clad areas with materials specific to the neighborhood and context . |

Concept: affordable and resilient design interwoven with the cultural infrastructure of the neighborhood, New Orleans, and local vernacular.

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Phase 7: Building Envelope and Materials

Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett

Building Envelope and Materials

Slice of Life/Wall Sections



1" = 4'



Building Envelope and Materials

Foundation to Parapet Detail

Rake Flashing with Gasketed Metal Sheet Screw and Drip Edge Closure Strips at Overlap Insulated Corrugated Steel Roof Panel/Standing Metal Seam Roof Dimensional Lumber Roof Cleat/Blocking Adhesive Attachment Air Cavity 1/2" Roof Sheathing Adhesive Attachment Tapered Insulation with Adhesive Attachment Base Course Insulation with Mechanical Attachment Mechanical Insulation Attachment @ 2.5' O.C. Steel Light Framing for Stair Landing Skylight Structural Pre-Cast Hollowcore Steel Cable with Wedge Anchor and Frame Tie-Off-Drop Ceiling Light Steel Structural System 1/2" Gypsum Board Specced Window Encasement TigerLoc Precast Affix. Anchor 2" Polished Gypcrete Topper Steel Pre-Cast Anchors -Structural Pre-Cast Hollowcore -1/2" x 6" Steel Bearing Angle with F.R. Bit. Paint Structural Pre-Cast Composite Panel 2" Trowel Finished External Panel-3" Rigid Insulation -7" Form Finished Structural Wythe Composite Insulated Wythe Tie per Precaster Design Specced Window Encasement TigerLoc Precast Affix. Anchor 2" Polished Gypcrete Topper Structural Precast Hollowcore Gypcrete Topper Reinforcemen Grout-Finished Connection and Sill Plate -Shiplap Beam Corner 1' x 1' 6" Structural Precast Concrete Beam Grout-Finished Connection and Sill Plate Rigid Insulation with Air and Vapor Barrier Grouted Pocket Joint with Reinforcement 2 x 4 Wooden Skirt System Wire Mesh Pest & Waste Control Steel Support Plate for Skirt Syster 1' x 1' Structural Piles to Required Depth

1" = 5'

Phase 7: Building Envelope and Materials Nikolas Mäkelä & Ryan Bramlett Section 001 - ARCH 6171 - Spring 2021

Note: Exploded axonometric exploration of the envelope can be seen in phase 6.

Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Physical Model 1" = 16'



Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Physical Model 1" = 16'





Integration Seminar 1717 Andry St., New Orleans, LA

Physical Model 1" = 16'







Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Renderings





Integration

1717 Andry St.,

Seminar

New Orleans, LA

Renderings





Integration Seminar 1717 Andry St., New Orleans, LA

Renderings





Integration Seminar 1717 Andry St., New Orleans, LA